

Governing Europe's forests for multiple ecosystem services: opportunities, challenges, and policy options



Key points of the SINCERE-NOBEL policy paper

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ERA-NET Cofund – Innovating the forest-based bioeconomy



Project NOBEL is supported under the umbrella of ERA-NET Cofund ForestValue by BMLFUW (AT), ANR (FR), FNR (DE), Vinnova (SE), MINECO-AEI (ES), RCN (NO) and FCT (PT).

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SINCERE (Spurring INnovations for forest eCosystem sERvices in Europe) advances innovative mechanisms, including novel policies and business models, which support the provision of Forest Ecosystem Services across Europe and beyond.

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Aim of the policy paper

→ Present <u>selected</u> research findings and evidence of both projects <u>and beyond</u>, suggest "pathways" for future European policies to support the provision of multiple forest ecosystem services

Paper is available at: https://zenodo.org/record/6393968#.YkL-jjdBzxo

Comments welcome!





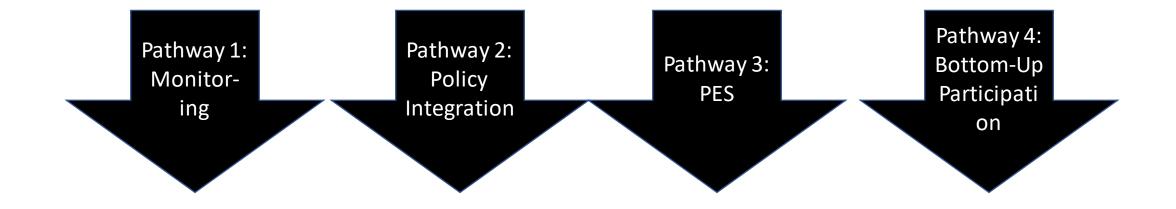
Structure of the policy paper

Three Opportunities...

Diversity of ownership,
Innovation potential, Climate
mitigation potential and
bioeconomy

Six Challenges...

FES demand and supply,
political polarization,
"ownership" of FES, lacking
information on FES, climate
change, diversity within
Europe



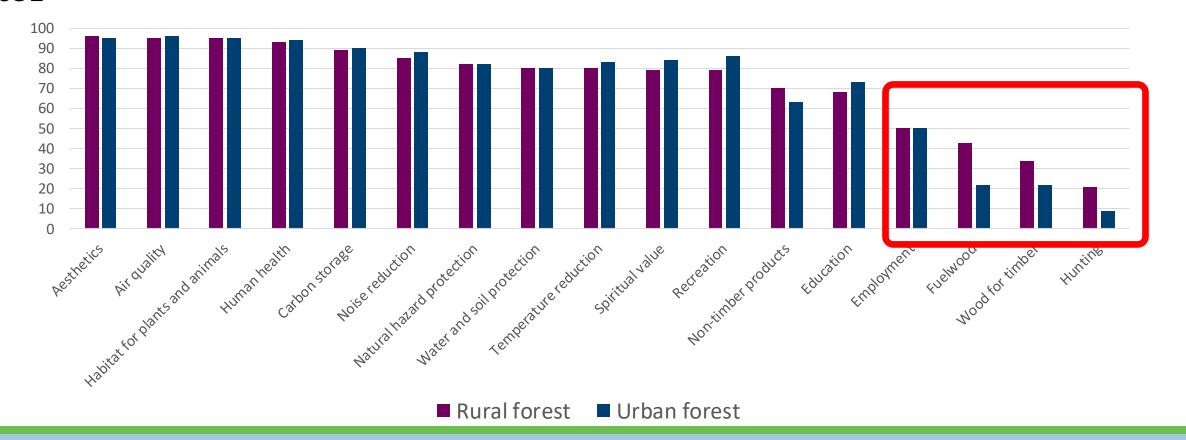




Challenge 1: Forest Ecosystem Services: societal demand...

European wide household survey conducted in the H2020 CLEARING HOUSE PROJECT (Roitsch et al, in prep): Importance of different forest ecosystem services for European citizens

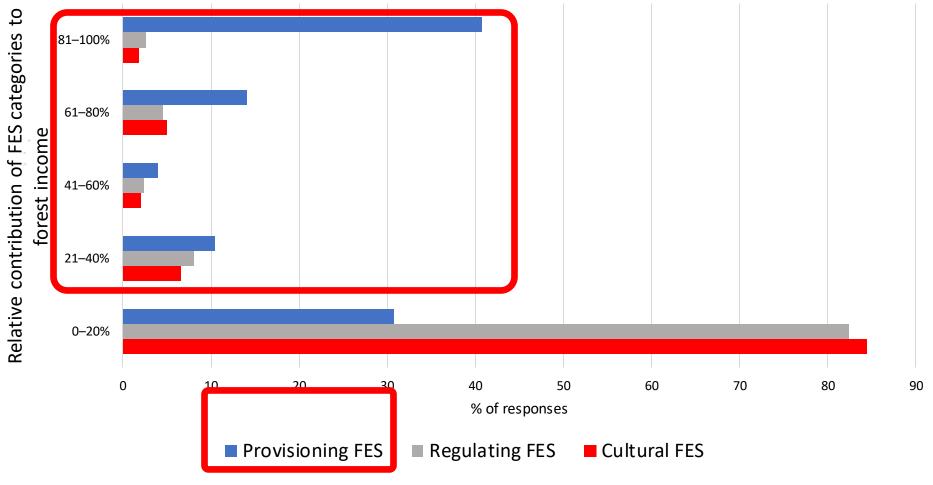
• Scale: 0=not at all important; 100=very important; N urban forests 3362; N rural forests 3631





...vis-à-vis income possibilities for forestry





Relative importance of income from provisioning, regulating and cultural FES as reported by European forest owners and managers (N: 1708); SINCERE – INNOFOREST survey with 1707 European forest owners and managers (Torralba et al, 2020)



Challenges



- 1. Insufficient alignment of FES provision and demand
- 2. Political polarization relating to forests
- 3. Regulatory framework inhibiting FES innovation
- 4. Lacking information on forest ecosystem services provision and demand
- 5. Climate change adaptation
- 6. Diversity of forest situations in Europe



... and opportunities

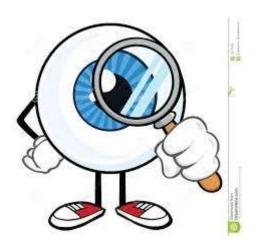
- Diversifying societies are reflected in diversifying objectives of forest managers and land-owners
- Some "niche markets" for cultural forest ecosystem services develop dynamically
- "Niche markets" for regulating FES: carbon farming plus overall bioeconomy development







Pathway 1 - Better information: Monitor FES supply and demand broadly







You can't manage what you can't measure – therefore...

- Develop European monitoring approach for FES
- Combine different available data sets and methods from remote sensing to inventories and participatory mapping – in an effective manner
- Include FES demand by society
- Find the right balance between a) costs & benefits and b) harmonization and flexibility for diverse forest settings
- Ensure that policy makers and forest managers/owners have the information they need for decision making





Pathway 2 – Policy Integration: coherently align EU forest objectives and policy instruments







Integrating targets and people

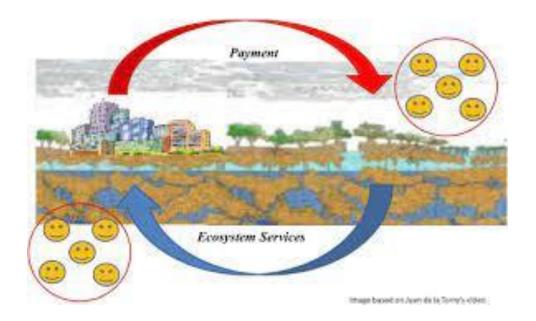
- Acknowledge importance of different forest related objectives
- Increase "horizontal" policy integration (specifically align targets and (financial) instruments) and transparency
- Increase "vertical" policy coordination across policy levels and define (participatory) processes for (regional) priority setting
- Science-Policy-Practice dialogue and stimulation of public debate => to tackle problems together and increase legitimacy





Pathway 3: Payments for Ecosystem Services: towards a European PES system?

Presentation Sven Wunder!







Pathway 4 – Bottom-up participation: enable participation and encourage learning amongst FES innovators







Work locally/regionally bottom up in creating FES innovations and management strategies

- To **raise awareness** amongst stakeholders (common understanding of management options and possible trade-offs)
- To include **different types of knowledge** and **distinct stakeholder preferences** in (participatory) forest planning
- To reach consensus/compromises and enable implementable forest management strategies for multiple FES
- → Also facilitate **exchange and learning** across different local contexts







- To our funders in SINCERE, NOBEL and further related work
- To our many collaboration partners and many European forest owners, policy stakeholders and citizens for great collaboration and responding to our many questions!

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